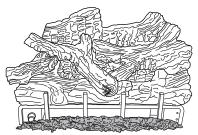


by FMI PRODUCTS, LLC

UNVENTED (VENT-FREE) GAS LOG HEATER OWNER'S OPERATION AND INSTALLATION MANUAL







We recommend that our products be installed and serviced by professionals who are certified in the U.S. by NFI (National Fireplace Institute).

REMOTE BURNER SYSTEM MODELS BGE18NE, BGE18PE, BGE2436NE AND BGE2436PE FOR USE WITH THE FOLLOWING LOGS LBG18-RM, LBG24-RM, LBG30-RM, LBG18-SM, LBG24-SM, LBG30-SM, LBG36-SM, LBG18-CM, LBG24-CM, LBG30-CM, LBG18-BM, LBG24-BM AND LBG30-BM

▲ WARNING: If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
 - · Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

INSTALLER: Leave this manual with the appliance. CONSUMER: Retain this manual for future reference.

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SAFETY

WARNING: Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. Refer to this manual for correct installation and operational procedures. For assistance or additional information consult a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

A WARNING: This appliance is for installation only in a solid-fuel burning masonry or UL127 factorybuilt fireplace or in a listed ventless firebox enclosure. It is design-certified for these installations in accordance with ANSI Z21.11.2. Exception: Do not install this appliance in a factory-built fireplace that includes instructions stating it has not been tested or should not be used with unvented gas logs.

WARNING: This is an unvented gas-fired heater. It uses air (oxygen) from the room in which it is installed. Provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air must be provided. Refer to Air for Combustion and Ventilation section on page 6 of this manual.

This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket,* permanently located, manufactured (mobile) home, where not prohibited by local codes.

This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.

^{*} Aftermarket: Completion of sale, not for purpose of resale, from the manufacturer

SAFETY

Continued

WARNING: This product contains and/or generates chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm.

IMPORTANT: Read this owner's manual carefully and completely before trying to assemble, operate or service this fireplace. Improper use of this fireplace can cause serious injury or death from burns, fire, explosion, electrical shock and carbon monoxide poisoning.

A DANGER: Carbon monoxide poisoning may lead to death!

Carbon Monoxide Poisoning: Early signs of carbon monoxide poisoning resemble the flu, with headaches, dizziness or nausea. If you have these signs, the fireplace may not be working properly. Get fresh air at once! Have fireplace serviced. Some people are more affected by carbon monoxide than others. These include pregnant women, people with heart or lung disease or anemia, those under the influence of alcohol and those at high altitudes.

Natural and Propane/LP gases are odorless. An odor-making agent is added to these gases. The odor helps you detect a gas leak. However, the odor added to the gas can fade. Gas may be present even though no odor exists.

Make certain you read and understand all warnings. Keep this manual for reference. It is your guide to safe and proper operation of this fireplace.

WARNING: Any change to this heater or its controls can be dangerous.

WARNING: Do not use a blower insert, heat exchanger insert or other accessory not approved for use with this heater.

WARNING: Do not allow fans to blow directly into the fireplace. Avoid any drafts that alter burner flame patterns. Ceiling fans can create drafts that alter burner flame patterns. Altered burner patterns can cause sooting.

Due to high temperatures, the appliance should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.

Do not place clothing or other flammable material on or near the appliance. Never place any objects on the heater.

Heater base assembly becomes very hot when running heater. Keep children and adults away from hot surface to avoid burns or clothing ignition. Heater will remain hot for a time after shutdown. Allow surface to cool before touching.

Carefully supervise young children when they are in the room with heater.

You must operate this heater with the fireplace screen.

Keep the appliance area clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids.

SAFETY

Continued

- This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate. This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases.
- Do not place propane/LP supply tank(s) inside any structure. Locate propane/ LP supply tank(s) outdoors (propane/LP units only).
- 3. If you smell gas
 - shut off gas supply
 - · do not try to light any appliance
 - do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building
 - immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions
 - if you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department
- 4. This heater shall not be installed in a bedroom or bathroom.
- 5. Before installing in a solid fuel burning fireplace, the chimney flue and firebox must be cleaned of soot, creosote, ashes and loose paint by a qualified chimney cleaner. Creosote will ignite if highly heated. A dirty chimney flue may create and distribute soot within the house. Inspect chimney flue for damage. If damaged, repair flue and firebox before operating heater.
- Do not burn solid-fuel in a masonry or UL127 factory-built fireplace in which a vent-free room heater is installed.
- If fireplace has glass doors, never operate this heater with glass doors closed. If you operate heater with doors closed, heat buildup inside fireplace will cause glass to burst. Make sure there are no obstructions across openings of fireplace.
- 8. To prevent the creation of soot, follow the instructions in *Cleaning and Maintenance*, page 32.
- Before using furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaner or similar products, turn heater off. If heated, the vapors from these products may create a white powder residue within burner box or on adjacent walls and furniture.

- 10. This heater needs fresh, outside air ventilation to run properly. This heater has an Oxygen Depletion Sensing (ODS) safety shutoff system. The ODS shuts down the heater if enough fresh air is not available. See <u>Air for Combustion and Ventilation</u>, page 6. If heater keeps shutting off, see *Troubleshooting*, page 35.
- 11. Do not run heater
 - where flammable liquids or vapors are used or stored
 - · under dusty conditions
- 12. Do not use this heater to cook food or burn paper or other objects.
- 13. Do not use heater if any part has been exposed to or under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the room heater and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.
- Do not operate heater if any log is broken.
 Do not operate heater if a log is chipped (dime-sized or larger).
- Turn heater off and let cool before servicing, installing or repairing. Only a qualified service person should install, service or repair heater.
- 16. Make sure the remote is set to the OFF position when you are away from home for long periods of time.
- 17. Remote heaters must not be connected to any external electrical source.
- 18. Operating heater above elevations of 4,500 feet may cause pilot outage.
- To prevent performance problems, do not use propane/LP fuel tank of less than 100 lb. capacity (propane/LP units only).
- Provide adequate clearances around air openings.

UNPACKING

A CAUTION: Do not remove the data plates from the grate assembly. The data plates contain important warranty and safety information.

 Remove logs and heater base assembly from cartons. Note: Do not pick up heater base assembly by burners. This could damage heater. Always handle base assembly by grate.

- Remove all protective packaging applied to logs and heater for shipment.
- Check heater for any shipping damage. If heater is damaged call FMI PRODUCTS, LLC at 1-866-328-4537 for replacement parts before returning to dealer.

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

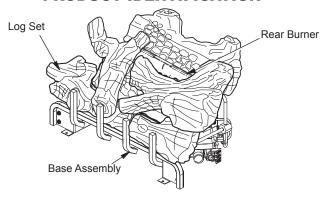


Figure 1 - Product Identification

LOCAL CODES

Install and use heater with care. Follow all local codes. In the absence of local codes, use the latest edition of *The National Fuel Gas Code*, *ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54**.

*Available from:

American National Standards Institute, Inc. 1430 Broadway New York, NY 10018

National Fire Protection Association, Inc. Batterymarch Park Quincy. MA 02269 State of Massachusetts: The installation must be made by a licensed plumber or gas fitter in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Sellers of unvented propane or natural gas-fired supplemental room heaters shall provide to each purchaser a copy of 527 CMR 30 upon sale of the unit.

Vent-free gas products are prohibited for bedroom and bathroom installation in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PRODUCT FEATURES

OPERATION

This heater is clean burning. It requires no outside venting. There is no heat loss out a vent or up a chimney. Heat is generated by both realistic flames and glowing coals. This heater is designed for vent-free operation with flue damper closed. It has been tested and approved to ANSI Z21.11.2 standard for unvented heaters. State and local codes in some areas prohibit the use of vent-free heaters.

SAFFTY DEVICE

This heater has a pilot with an Oxygen Depletion Sensing (ODS) safety shutoff system. The ODS/pilot is a required feature for vent-free room heaters. The ODS/pilot shuts off the heater if there is not enough fresh air.

ELECTRONIC IGNITION SYSTEM

This heater has an electronic ignitor to light heater fuel supply.

AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

A WARNING: This heater shall not be installed in a room or space unless the required volume of indoor combustion air is provided by the method described in the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, the International Fuel Gas Code, or applicable local codes. Read the following instructions to insure proper fresh air for this and other fuel-burning appliances in your home.

Today's homes are built more energy efficient than ever. New materials, increased insulation and new construction methods help reduce heat loss in homes. Home owners weather strip and caulk around windows and doors to keep the cold air out and the warm air in. During heating months, home owners want their homes as airtight as possible.

While it is good to make your home energy efficient, your home needs to breathe. Fresh air must enter your home. All fuel-burning appliances need fresh air for proper combustion and ventilation.

Exhaust fans, fireplaces, clothes dryers and fuel burning appliances draw air from the house to operate. You must provide adequate fresh air for these appliances. This will insure proper venting of vented fuel-burning appliances.

PROVIDING ADEQUATE VENTILATION

The following are excerpts from National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, Air for Combustion and Ventilation.

All spaces in homes fall into one of the three following ventilation classifications:

- 1. Unusually Tight Construction
- 2. Unconfined Space
- 3. Confined Space

The information on pages 6 through 8 will help you classify your space and provide adequate ventilation.

Unusually Tight Construction

The air that leaks around doors and windows may provide enough fresh air for combustion and ventilation. However, in buildings of unusually tight construction, you must provide additional fresh air.

Unusually tight construction is defined as construction where:

- walls and ceilings exposed to the outside atmosphere have a continuous water vapor retarder with a rating of one perm (6 x 10-11 kg per pa-sec-m²) or less with openings gasketed or sealed and
- weather stripping has been added on openable windows and doors and
- c. caulking or sealants are applied to areas such as joints around window and door frames, between sole plates and floors, between wall-ceiling joints, between wall panels, at penetrations for plumbing, electrical and gas lines and at other openings.

AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

Continued

If your home meets all of the three criteria above, you must provide additional fresh air. See <u>Ventilation Air From Outdoors</u>, page 8.

If your home does not meet all of the three criteria above, proceed to <u>Determining Fresh-Air Flow For Heater Location</u>, below.

Confined and Unconfined Space

The National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/ NFPA 54 defines a confined space as a space whose volume is less than 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btu/hr (4.8 m³ per kw) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space and an unconfined space as a space whose volume is not less than 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btu/hr (4.8 m³ per kw) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space. Rooms communicating directly with the space in which the appliances are installed*, through openings not furnished with doors, are considered a part of the unconfined space.

* Adjoining rooms are communicating only if there are doorless passageways or ventilation grills between them.

DETERMINING FRESH-AIR FLOW FOR HEATER LOCATION

Determining if You Have a Confined or Unconfined Space

Use this work sheet to determine if you have a confined or unconfined space.

Space: Includes the room in which you will install fireplace plus any adjoining rooms with doorless passageways or ventilation grills between the rooms.

 Determine the volume of the space (length x width x height).

Length x Width x Height = ____cu. ft. (volume of space)

Example: Space size 20 ft. (length) x 16 ft. (width) x 8 ft. (ceiling height) = 2560 cu. ft. (volume of space)

If additional ventilation to adjoining room is supplied with grills or openings, add the volume of these rooms to the total volume of the space.

 Multiply the space volume by 20 to determine the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support.
 (Values of the space can support.)
 (Marie of the space can support.)

____ (volume of space) x 20 = (Maximum Btu/Hr the space can support)

Example: 2560 cu. ft. (volume of space) x 20 = 51,200 (maximum Btu/Hr the space can support)

3. Add the Btu/Hr of all fuel burning appliances in the space.

Vent-free fireplace Btu/Hr
Gas water heater* Btu/Hr
Gas furnace Btu/Hr
Vented gas heater Btu/Hr
Gas fireplace logs Btu/Hr
Other gas appliances* + Btu/Hr
Total = Btu/Hr

* Do not include direct-vent gas appliances. Direct-vent draws combustion air from the outdoors and vents to the outdoors.

Example:

 Gas water heater
 40,000
 Btu/Hr

 Vent-free fireplace
 + 33,000
 Btu/Hr

 Total
 = 73,000
 Btu/Hr

 Compare the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support with the actual amount of Btu/Hr used.

_____ Btu/Hr (maximum can support)

_____ Btu/Hr (actual amount used)

Example: 51.200 Btu/Hr (maximum the

space can support)
73.000 Btu/Hr (actual amount of

73,000 Btu/Hr (actual amount of Btu/Hr used)

The space in the above example is a confined space because the actual Btu/Hr used is more than the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support. You must provide additional fresh air. Your options are as follows:

- A. Rework worksheet, adding the space of an adjoining room. If the extra space provides an unconfined space, remove door to adjoining room or add ventilation grills between rooms. See <u>Ventilation Air From Inside</u> <u>Building</u>, page 8.
- B. Vent room directly to the outdoors. See <u>Ventilation Air From Outdoors</u>, page 8.
- C. Install a lower Btu/Hr fireplace, if lower Btu/ Hr size makes room unconfined.

If the actual Btu/Hr used is less than the maximum Btu/Hr the space can support, the space is an unconfined space. You will need no additional fresh air ventilation

AIR FOR COMBUSTION AND VENTILATION

Continued

AWARNING: If the area in which the heater may be operated does not meet the required volume for indoor combustion air, combustion and ventilation air shall be provided by one of the methods described in the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, the International Fuel Gas Code, or applicable local codes.

VENTILATION AIR

Ventilation Air From Inside Building

This fresh air would come from an adjoining unconfined space. When ventilating to an adjoining unconfined space, you must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor on the wall connecting the two spaces (see options 1 and 2, Figure 2). You can also remove door into adjoining room (see option 3, Figure 2). Follow the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, Air for Combustion and Ventilation for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

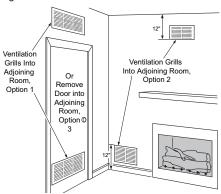


Figure 2 - Ventilation Air from Inside Building

Ventilation Air From Outdoors

Provide extra fresh air by using ventilation grills or ducts. You must provide two permanent openings: one within 12" of the ceiling and one within 12" of the floor. Connect these items directly to the outdoors or spaces open to the outdoors. These spaces include attics and crawl spaces. Follow the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, Air for Combustion and Ventilation for required size of ventilation grills or ducts.

IMPORTANT: Do not provide openings for inlet or outlet air into attic if attic has a thermostat-controlled power vent. Heated air entering the attic will activate the power vent.

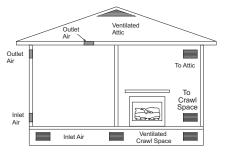


Figure 3 - Ventilation Air from Outdoors

NOTICE: This heater is intended for use as supplemental heat. Use this heater along with your primary heating system. Do not install this heater as your primary heat source. If you have a central heating system, you may run system's circulating blower while using heater. This will help circulate the heat throughout the house. In the event of a power outage, you can use this heater as your primary heat source.

WARNING: A qualified service person must install heater. Follow all local codes.

WARNING: Before installing in a solid fuel burning fireplace, the chimney flue and firebox must be cleaned of soot, creosote, ashes and loose paint by a qualified chimney cleaner. Creosote will ignite if highly heated. A dirty chimney flue may create and distribute soot within the house. Inspect chimney and firebox flue for damage. If damaged, repair flue and firebox before operating heater.

WARNING: Seal any fresh air vents or ash clean-out doors located on floor or wall of fireplace. If not, drafting may cause pilot outage or sooting. Use a heat-resistant sealant. Do not seal chimney flue damper.

WARNING: Never install the heater

- in a bedroom or bathroom
- · in a recreational vehicle
- where curtains, furniture, clothing or other flammable objects are less than 36" from the front and 42" from top heater, For side clearances see Figure 4 page 10
- in high traffic areas
- · in windy or drafty areas

A CAUTION: This heater creates warm air currents. These currents move heat to wall surfaces next to heater. Installing heater next to vinyl or cloth wall coverings or operating heater where impurities (such as, but not limited to, tobacco smoke, aromatic candles, cleaning fluids, oil or kerosene lamps, etc.) in the air exist, may discolor walls or cause odors.

IMPORTANT: Vent-free heaters add moisture to the air. Although this is beneficial, installing heater in rooms without enough ventilation air may cause mildew to form from too much moisture. See <u>Air for Combustion and Ventilation</u>, page 6.

Continued

CHECK GAS TYPE

Use the correct type of gas (natural or propane/ LP). If your gas supply is not the correct gas type, do not install heater. Call dealer where you bought heater for proper type heater.

WARNING: This appliance is equipped for either natural gas or propane/LP gas but not both. Gas type is indicated on the rating plate. Field conversion is not permitted.

INSTALLATION AND CLEARANCES FOR VENT-FREE OPERATION

WARNING: Maintain the minimum clearances. If you can, provide greater clearances from floor, ceiling and adjoining wall.

Minimum Fireplace Clearance to Combustible Materials Side Wall 16", Ceiling 42", Floor 5", Front 36"

LOG SIZING REQUIREMENTS				
	Minimum Firebox Size			
Log Set Models	Height	Depth	Front Width	Rear Width*
LBG18-SM	17"	13.5"	20"	14"
LBG18-RM	17"	13.5"	20"	14"
LBG24-SM	17"	13.5"	26"	18"
LBG24-RM	17"	13.5"	26"	18"
LBG30-SM	21"	13.5"	32"	22"
LBG30-RM	21"	13.5"	32"	22"
LBG36-SM	21"	13.5"	38"	27.5"
LBG18-BM	17"	14.5"	26"	20"
LBG18-CM	17"	14.5"	26"	20"
LBG24-BM	17"	14.5"	29"	22"
LBG24-CM	17"	14.5"	29"	22"
LBG30-BM	21"	14.5"	32"	22"
LBG30-CM	21"	14.5"	32"	22"

Carefully follow these instructions. This will ensure safe installation into a masonry, UL127-listed manufactured fireplace or listed vent-free firebox.

Minimum Clearances For Side Combustible Material, Side Wall and Ceiling

- A. Clearances from the side of the fireplace cabinet to any combustible material and wall should follow diagram in Figure 4. Example: The face of a mantel, bookshelf, etc. is made of combustible material and
 - etc. is made of combustible material and protrudes 3 ½" from the wall. This combustible material must be 4" from the side of the fireplace cabinet (see Figure 4).
 - Note: When installing your gas logs into a manufactured firebox, follow firebox manufacturer's instructions for minimum clearances to combustible materials.
- B. Clearances from the top of the fireplace opening to the ceiling should not be less than 42".

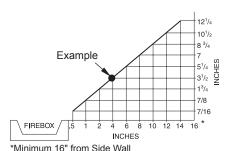


Figure 4 - Minimum Clearance for Combustible to Wall

MINIMUM NONCOMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL CLEARANCES

If Not Using Mantel

Note: If using a mantel proceed to If Using Mantel. If not using a mantel, follow the information on this page.

You must have noncombustible material(s) above the fireplace opening. Noncombustible materials (such as slate, marble, tile, etc.) must be at least 1/2" thick. With sheet metal, you must have noncombustible material behind it. Noncombustible material must extend at least 8" up (for all models). If noncombustible material is less than 12", you must install

Continued

the fireplace hood accessory (24", 30" and 36" Models Only). See Figure 5 for minimum clearances.

Noncombustible Material Distance (A)	Requirements for Safe Installation
12" or more	Noncombustible material OK.
Between 8" and 12"	24", 30" or 36" Models: Install fireplace hood accessory (GA6050 or GA6053 see <u>Acces-</u> <u>sories</u> , page 41). 18" Model: Noncombustible material OK.
Less than 8"	Noncombustible material must be extended to at least 8". See Between 8" and 12", above. If you cannot extend material, you must operate heater with flue damper open.

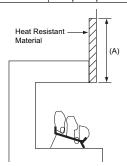


Figure 5 - Heat Resistant Material (Slate, Marble, Tile, etc.) Above Fireplace If Using Mantel

You must have noncombustible material(s) above the fireplace opening. Noncombustible materials (such as slate, marble, tile, etc.) must be at least 1/2" thick. With sheet metal, you must have noncombustible material behind it. Noncombustible material must extend at least 8" up (for all models). If noncombustible material is less than 12", you must install the fireplace hood accessory (24", 30" and 36" Models Only). Even if noncombustible material is more than 12", you may need the hood accessory to deflect heat away from your mantel shelf. See Figures 5 and 6 and Figure 7, page 12, for minimum clearances.

MANTEL CLEARANCES

In addition to meeting noncombustible material clearances, you must also meet required clearances between fireplace opening and mantel shelf. If you do not meet the clearances listed below, you will need a hood.

Determining Minimum Mantel Clearance If you meet minimum clearance between mantel shelf and top of fireplace opening, a hood is not required (see Figure 6).

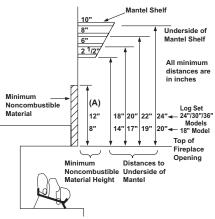


Figure 6 - Minimum Mantel Clearances Without Using Hood

Determining Minimum Mantel Clearance When Using a Hood

If minimum clearances in Figure 6, page 11, are not met, you must have a hood. When using a hood there are still certain minimum mantel clearances required. Follow minimum clearances shown in Figure 7, when using hood.

NOTICE: Surface temperatures of adjacent walls and mantels become hot during operation. Walls and mantels above the firebox may become hot to the touch. If installed properly, these temperatures meet the requirement of the national product standard. Follow all minimum clearances shown in this manual.

Continued

NOTICE: If your installation does not meet the minimum clearances shown, you must do one of the following:

- operate the logs only with the flue damper open
- raise the mantel to an acceptable height
- remove the mantel

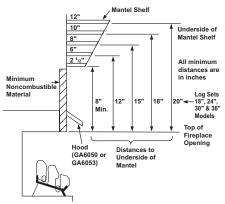


Figure 7 - Minimum Mantel Clearances When Using Hood

FLOOR CLEARANCES

- A. If installing appliance on the floor level, you must maintain the minimum distance of 14" to combustibles (see Figure 8).
- B. If combustible materials are less than 14" to the fireplace, you must install appliance at least 5" above the combustible flooring (see Figure 9).

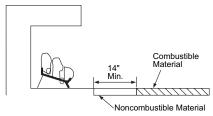


Figure 8 - Minimum Fireplace Clearances If Installed at Floor Level

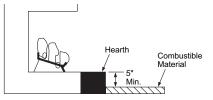


Figure 9 - Minimum Fireplace Clearances Above Combustible Flooring

INSTALLING HEATER BASE ASSEMBLY

WARNING: You must secure this heater to fireplace floor. If not, heater will move when you adjust controls. Moving heater may cause a gas leak.

WARNING: If installing in a sunken fireplace, special care is needed. You must raise the fireplace floor to allow access to heater control panel. This will insure adequate air flow and guard against sooting and controls being damaged. Raise fireplace floor with noncombustible material. Make sure material is secure.

A CAUTION: Do not pick up heater base assembly by burners. This could damage heater. Only handle base assembly by grates.

IMPORTANT: Make sure the heater burners are level. If heater is not level, heater will not work properly.

Installation Items Needed

- hardware package (provided with heater)
- approved flexible gas hose and fittings (if allowed by local codes)
- sealant (resistant to propane/LP gas, not provided)
- electric drill with 3/16" masonry drill bit Note: Install optional Receiver and Hand-Held Remote Control Kit (see <u>Accessories</u>, page 41) before installing gas log heater. See installation instructions included with the kit.

Continued

- Apply pipe joint sealant lightly to male threads of gas fitting (provided). Connect approved flexible gas hose to inlet side of gas control (see Figure 10).
 - IMPORTANT: Hold gas regulator with wrench when connecting flexible gas hose.
- Position heater base assembly in fireplace.
- Mark screw locations through holes in front panel of base (see Figure 11). If installing in a brick-bottom fireplace, mark screw locations in mortar joint of bricks.
- 4. Remove heater base from fireplace.
- Drill holes at marked locations using 3/16" drill bit.
- Attach base, through holes in front panel of base, to fireplace floor using masonry screws provided in hardware package (see Figure 11).
- 7. Connect to gas supply. See <u>Connecting</u> To Gas Supply.

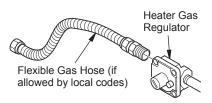


Figure 10 - Attaching Flexible Gas Hose to Heater Gas Regulator

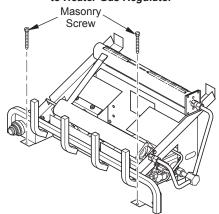


Figure 11 - Attaching Base to Fireplace
Floor

CONNECTING TO GAS SUPPLY

WARNING: This appliance requires a 1/2" NPT (National Pipe Thread) inlet connection to the pressure regulator.

WARNING: A qualified service person must connect heater to gas supply. Follow all local codes.

A CAUTION: Never connect propane/LP fireplace directly to the propane/LP supply. This heater requires an external regulator (not supplied). Install the external regulator between the heater and propane/LP supply.

WARNING: Never connect natural gas fireplace to private (non-utility) gas wells. This gas is commonly known as wellhead gas.

Installation Items Needed

Before installing heater, make sure you have the items listed below.

- external regulator (supplied by installer)
- piping (check local codes)
- sealant (resistant to propane/LP gas)
- · equipment shutoff valve *
- test gauge connection *
- sediment trap
- · tee joint
- pipe wrench
- approved flexible gas line with gas connector (if allowed by local codes)
- *An equipment shutoff valve with 1/8" NPT tap is an acceptable alternative to test gauge connection. Purchase the optional equipment shutoff valve from your dealer.

Continued

For propane/LP units, the installer must supply an external regulator. The external regulator regulator will reduce incoming gas pressure.

You must reduce incoming gas pressure to between 11" and 14" of water. If you do not reduce incoming gas pressure, heater regulator damage could occur. Install external regulator with the vent pointing down as shown in Figure 12. Pointing the vent down protects it from freezing rain or sleet.

A CAUTION: Use only new, black iron or steel pipe. Internally-tinned copper tubing may be used in certain areas. Check your local codes. Use pipe of 1/2" diameter or greater to allow proper gas volume to heater. If pipe is too small, undue loss of volume will occur.

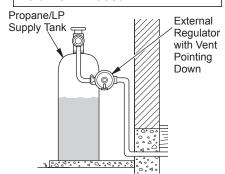


Figure 12 - External Regulator With Vent Pointing Down

Installation must include an equipment shutoff valve, union and plugged 1/8" NPT tap. Locate NPT tap within reach for test gauge hook up. NPT tap must be upstream from heater (see Figure 13).

IMPORTANT: Install equipment shutoff valve in an accessible location. The equipment shutoff valve is for turning on or shutting off the gas to the appliance.

Check your building codes for any special requirements for locating equipment shutoff valve to fireplaces.

Apply pipe joint sealant lightly to male NPT threads. This will prevent excess sealant from going into pipe. Excess sealant in pipe could result in clogged heater valves.

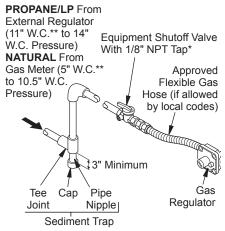


Figure 13 - Gas Connection

- Purchase the optional equipment shutoff valve from your dealer.
- **Minimum inlet pressure for purpose of input adjustment.

WARNING: Use pipe joint sealant that is resistant to liquid petroleum (LP) gas.

We recommend that you install a sediment trap in supply line as shown in Figure 13. Locate sediment trap where it is within reach for cleaning. Install in piping system between fuel supply and heater. Locate sediment trap where trapped matter is not likely to freeze. A sediment trap traps moisture and contaminants. This keeps them from going into heater controls. If sediment trap is not installed or is installed wrong, heater may not run properly.

CAUTION: Avoid damage to gas control. Hold gas control with wrench when connecting it to gas piping and/or fittings.

Continued

CHECKING GAS CONNECTIONS

WARNING: Test all gas piping and connections, internal and external to unit, for leaks after installing or servicing. Correct all leaks at once.

WARNING: Never use an open flame to check for a leak. Apply a noncorrosive leak detection fluid to all joints. Bubbles forming show a leak. Correct all leaks at once.

CAUTION: Make sure external regulator has been installed between propane/LP supply and heater. See guidelines under <u>Connecting to Gas Supply</u>, page 13.

PRESSURE TESTING GAS SUPPLY PIPING SYSTEM

Test Pressures In Excess Of 1/2 PSIG (3.5 kPa)

- Disconnect appliance with its appliance main gas valve (control valve) and equipment shutoff valve from gas supply piping system. Pressures in excess of 1/2 psig will damage heater regulator.
- 2. Cap off open end of gas pipe where equipment shutoff valve was connected.
- Pressurize supply piping system by either opening propane/LP supply tank valve for propane/LP gas or opening main gas valve located on or near gas meter for natural gas or using compressed air.
- Check all joints of gas supply piping system. Apply noncorrosive leak detection fluid to all joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
- 5. Correct all leaks at once.
- Reconnect heater and equipment shutoff valve to gas supply. Check reconnected fittings for leaks.

Test Pressures Equal To or Less Than 1/2 PSIG (3.5 kPa)

- Close equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 14).
- Pressurize supply piping system by either opening propane/LP supply tank valve for propane/LP gas or opening main gas valve located on or near gas meter for natural gas or using compressed air.
- Check all joints from gas meter to equipment shutoff valve for natural gas or propane/LP supply to equipment shutoff valve for propane/LP (see Figure 15 or 16).
 Apply noncorrosive leak detection fluid to all joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
- 4. Correct all leaks at once.

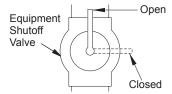


Figure 14 - Equipment Shutoff Valve

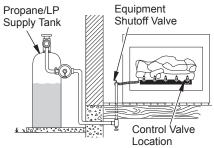


Figure 15 - Checking Gas Joints (Propane/LP Only)

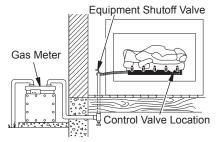


Figure 16 - Checking Gas Joints (Natural Gas Only)

Continued

PRESSURE TESTING HEATER GAS CONNECTIONS

- 1. Open equipment shutoff valve (see Figure 14, page 15).
- Open main gas valve located on or near gas meter for natural gas or open propane/LP supply tank valve.
- Make sure control knob of heater is in the OFF position.
- Check all joints from equipment shutoff valve to gas valve (see Figure 15 or 16, page 15). Apply noncorrosive leak detection fluid to all joints. Bubbles forming show a leak.
- Correct all leaks at once.
- Light heater (see <u>Operation</u>, page 26 depending on your model). Check all other internal joints for leaks.
- Turn off heater (see <u>To Turn Off Gas to Appliance</u>, page 27, depending on your model).

INSTALLING LOGS

WARNING: Failure to position the parts in accordance with these diagrams or failure to use only parts specifically approved with this heater may result in property damage or personal injury.

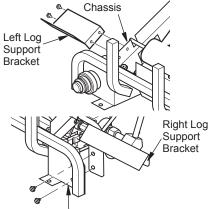
BG & BGE Series Burner System - Log Compatibility Chart			
Burner System	Fiber Log	Concrete Log	
Models	Models	Models	
BGE18NE	LBG18-SM	LBG18-RM	
BGE18PE	LBG18-CM	LBG18-BM	
BGE2436NE BGE2436PE	LBG24-SM LBG30-SM LBG36-SM LBG24-CM LBG30-CM	LBG24-RM LBG30-RM LBG24-BM LBG30-BM	

Figure 17 - BG & BGE Series Burner System- Log Compatibility Chart

Log Support Brackets

If installing a LBG36-SM, attach log support brackets before installing logs. These brackets are provided with the BGE2436 series burner systems.

- Install left bracket to left side of chassis using 2 screws provided (see Figure 18).
- Install right bracket to right front of chassis using 2 screws provided (see Figure 18).
 This bracket will also be used as remote control bracket if remote is installed.



Right Front of Chassis

Figure 18 - Installing Log Support Brackets

Continued

FIBER LOG MODELS LBG(18,24,30,36)-SM

Note: Your appliance may vary from model shown but log placement will be the same.

- 1. Place bottom log in center of the base assembly as shown in Figure 19.
- Rest rear log in back corner sections of base assembly as shown in Figure 19. Make sure log is completely vertical and not leaning in toward burner where flame will touch the log.
- 3. Position front right log against right side of grate prongs (see Figure 19).
- 4. Position front left log against left side of grate prongs (see Figure 19).

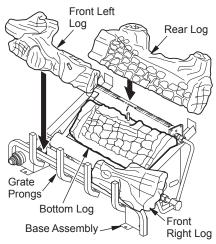


Figure 19 - Installing Log Set

- Place middle right log over front right and bottom logs as shown in Figure 20. Be sure hole in middle right log seats over pin in bottom log.
- Place middle left log over front left and bottom logs as show in Figure 20. Be sure hole in middle left log seats over pin in front left log.

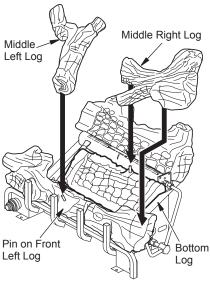


Figure 20 - Installing Log Sets

- For LTF36-SM, the front right and left logs are longer and are supported with brackets on each end (see Figure 21).
 Place left and right small front logs under left bracket and beside right bracket.
- For LBG36-SM, position left and right control cover logs as shown in Figure 22, page 18. These may be placed as desired to hide controls.

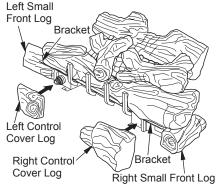


Figure 21 - Installing LBG36-SM Model Control Cover Logs

Continued



LBG(18,24,30)-SM MODELS



LBG36-SM MODELS

Figure 22 - Correct Log Placement

CONCRETE LOG MODELS LBG(18,24,30)-RM

Each log is marked with a number. These numbers will help you identify the log when installing (see chart on page 20). It is very important to install these logs exactly as instructed. Do not modify logs. Only use logs supplied with heater.

Note: Your appliance may vary from model shown but log placement will be the same.

 Place fiber ramp-log in center on chassis as shown in Figure 23. The fiber ramp-log can be identified by its shape and much lighter weight when compared to the other logs.

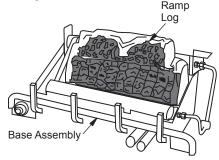


Figure 23 - Installing Log Set

- The log must sit flat on the black sheet metal and behind the left metal tab as shown in Figure 24.
- 3. Place front left and right logs and rear log as shown in Figure 25.

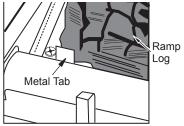


Figure 24 - Installing Log Set

- Place top left log as shown in Figure 26.
 The bottom of the log is shaped to fit onto the recessed areas of the front left log and the rear log. The recessed areas are painted yellow.
- Place top right log as shown in Figure 26.
 The bottom of the log is shaped to fit onto the recessed areas of the front right log and the rear log. The recessed areas are painted yellow.

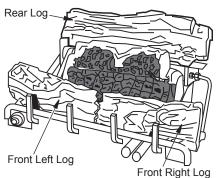


Figure 25 - Installing Logs

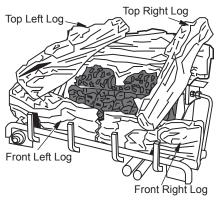


Figure 26 - Installing Logs

Continued

 Place the small top right log as shown in Figure 27. The bottom of the log is shaped to fit onto the recessed areas of the top right log and the front right log. The recessed areas are painted yellow.

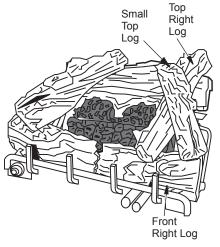


Figure 27 - Installing Log

Description	LBG18.B.	LBG24.BIL	LBG30.B.	Qty
Front Left Log	012	001	007	1
Front Right Log	013	002	800	1
Rear Log	014	003	009	1
Top Left Log	016	005	011	1
Top Right Log	015	004	010	1
Small Top Right Log	006	006	006	1

FIBER LOG MODELS LBG(18,24,30)-CM

Note: Your appliance may vary from model shown but log placement will be the same.

 Place rear log in back corner sections of base assembly as shown in Figure 28. The rear log is designed to lean back slightly when installed correctly.

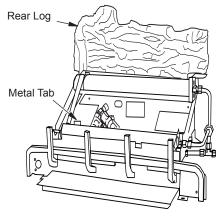


Figure 28 - Installing Rear Log

 Place ramp log in center of base assembly as shown in Figure 29. Make sure the side marked BOTTOM is setting down on the base. The log will sit behind the metal base as shown in Figure 24, page 18.

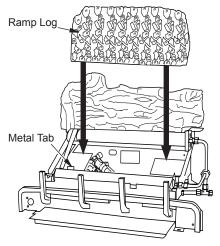


Figure 29 - Installing Ramp Log

Continued

 Position front left log against left side of grate prongs (see Figure 30). The two recessed areas fit behind the two grate prongs.

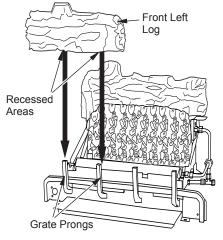


Figure 30 - Installing Front Left Log

 Position front right log against right side of grate prongs (see Figure 31). The two recessed areas fit behind the two grate prongs.

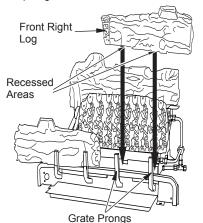


Figure 31 - Installing Front Right Log

 Place top left front log onto front left log. Match the rectangular projection on top of front left log with the rectangular hole on the bottom of the top left front log. The top left front log will rest on top of the front left log (see Figure 32).

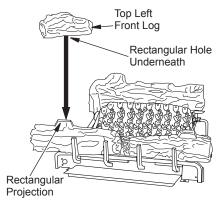


Figure 32 - Installing Top Left Front Log

6. Place top right front log onto front right log. Match the rectangular projection on top of the front right log with the rectangular hole on the bottom of the top right front log as shown in Figure 33. The top right front log will rest on top of the front right log.

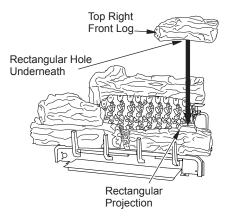


Figure 33 - Installing Top Right Front Log

Continued

7. Place the middle log onto the ramp log as shown in Figure 34. The middle log has two tabs on the bottom to position from left to right on the ramp log. The front of the middle log should be touching the top left front log and top right front logs.

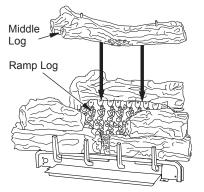
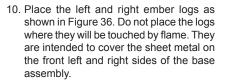


Figure 34 - Installing Middle Log

- 8. Place the rear left top log on top of the middle log and the rear log. Match the pin on the middle log with the round hole in the bottom of the rear left top log (see Figure 35. The rear log has a flat area for the back of the rear left top log to set in.
- 9. Place the rear right top log on top of the middle log and the rear log. Match the pin on the middle log with the round hole in the bottom of the rear right top log (see Figure 35). The rear log has a flat area for the back of the rear right top log to set in.



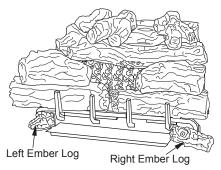


Figure 36 - Installing Ember Logs

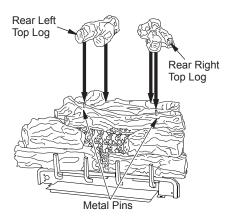


Figure 35 - Installing Rear Left Top Log and Rear Right Top Log

Continued

CONCRETE LOG MODELS LBG(18,24,30)-BM

Note: Your appliance may vary from model shown but log placement will be the same.

 Before placing any logs on the chassis you will need to remove the Air Shield located on the left side near the rear burner as shown in Figure 37. The Air Shield is held in place with one screw, remove the Air Shield and place the screw back into the hole in the chassis. Place the Air Shield with you owner's manual and keep

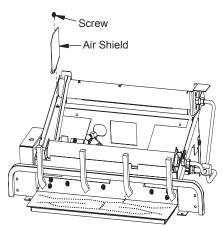


Figure 37 - Removing Air Shield

 Place fiber ramp log in center of chassis as shown in Figure 38. The fiber ramp log can be identified by the shape and much lighter weight when compared to the other logs. The log must sit flat on the black sheet metal and behind the left metal tab as shown. Make sure the side marked "BOTTOM" is setting down.

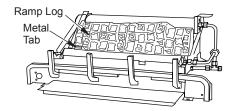


Figure 38 - Installing Fiber Ramp Log

3. Place front left and front right logs as shown in Figure 39.

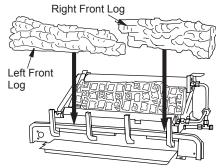


Figure 39 - Installing Left/Right Front Logs

4. Place left ember bed log as shown in Figure 40. The log has groove on one side that sets on the ember bed pan. The back side of this log needs to rest against the front of the base assembly. Make sure the flame from the ember pan does not touch the ember bed log.

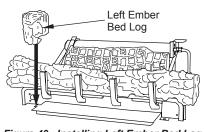


Figure 40 - Installing Left Ember Bed Log

5. The right ember bed log has a hole in the bottom that sets on the grate finger and the other end rest on the fireplace floor, place log as shown in Figure 41, page 23. The back side of this log needs to rest against the front of the base assembly, make sure the flame from the ember pan does not touch the ember bed log.

Continued

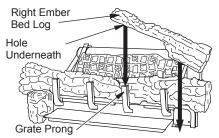


Figure 41 - Installing Right Ember Bed Log

The left middle log has a groove on the bottom to sit on the chassis and has to sit on the tab on the back of the left front log as shown in Figure 42.

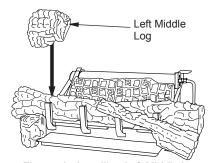


Figure 42 - Installing Left Middle Log

 The right middle log has a groove on the bottom to sit on the chassis and has to sit on the tab on the back of the right front. The right middle log should have a recess area that fits around the ramp log as shown in Figure 43.

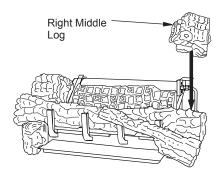


Figure 43 - Installing Right Middle Log

 The rear middle log should fit between the ramp log and the rear burner. The left and right middle logs have recessed areas for the rear middle log to sit into (See Figure 44). Be careful not to push the rear burner out of position while installing this log.

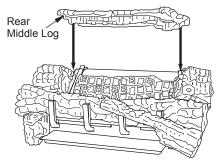


Figure 44 - Installing Rear Middle Log

Rest rear log in back corner sections of chassis assembly as shown in Figure 45.

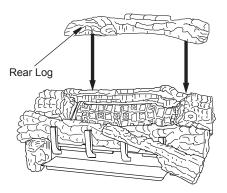


Figure 45 - Installing Rear Log

Continued

10. Place the left top log onto the rear log and the left middle log. Make sure to place the projection on the bottom of the left top log into the recessed areas on the rear and left middle logs (see Figure 46).

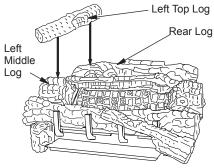


Figure 46 - Installing Left Top Log

11. Rest the middle crossover log onto the right middle log and the left front log (see Figure 47). Make sure to match the projection on the bottom of the crossover log with the recess area in the right middle log and the left front log.

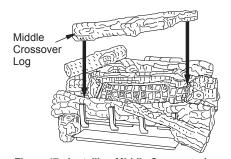


Figure 47 - Installing Middle Crossover Log

12. Place the top rear log onto the rear log as shown. The rear log has a projection that will fit into the recess area on the bottom of the top rear log (see Figure 48).

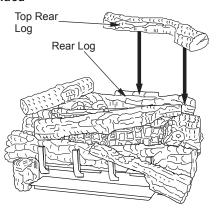


Figure 48 - Installing Top Rear Log

EMBER PLACEMENT - BGE SERIES BURNER SYSTEMS

WARNING: Do not use any other ember material not supplied with this unit.

WARNING: Do not operate unit without ember material correctly in place as shown in Figures 50 & 51. Do NOT place ember material anywhere else on the unit. Use only ember material supplied with unit. Excessive or incorrectly placed ember material may produce carbon monoxide or soot.

BMber Chunk Placement. The BGE2436 burner systems include three ember chunks that are designed to fit over shoulder screws on the ember pan burner. The bottom of each ember chunk has a hole for securing the ember chunk in place when it is placed over a shoulder screw. Place the ember chunks as shown in Figure 49 on page 25 by placing the ember chunk with the number "1" on the left, "2" in the center, and "3" on the right. These numbers are embossed on the back of each piece for identification purposes. Please note that BGE18 burner systems do not include ember chunks.

Continued

- Two ember materials are supplied with this log set. Platinum Bright Embers give a bright glow appearing as hot coals. Should embers need replacing, see Parts, page 42.
 - Platinum Bright Ember placement. Add embers to front, flat burner. Gently remove embers from bag. Separate pieces of ember material and place on surface of flat burner just behind horizontal ports as shown in Figure 50.

Rock Wool placement. Place rock wool

- material on front flat burner in areas away from ports as shown in Figure 51.
- Add lava rock and small decorative logs around base of heater if desired. DO NOT place rock or additional logs on front burner or on logs. Placing any material on unit other than ember material on front burner may result in production of carbon monoxide or soot. Use lava rock to hide wires from switch/log to control valve. Place switch/log so the switch is easy to access.

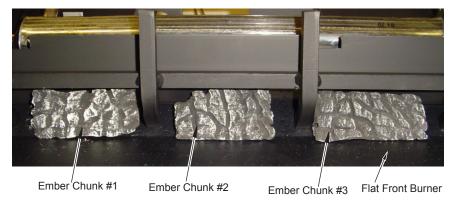


Figure 49 - Ember Chunk Placement BGE2436 Series



Figure 50 - Platinum Bright Embers for BGE Series



Figure 51 - Placement of Rock Wool for BGE Series (shown with Platinum Bright Embers)



FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING



WARNING: If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- A. This appliance has a pilot that is equipped with an ignition device which automatically light the pilot. Do not light the pilot by hand.
- B. BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- C. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.



LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS



NOTICE: During initial operation of new heater, burning logs will give off a paper-burning smell. Orange flame will also be present. Open damper or window to vent smell. This will only last a few hours.

WARNING:

- If fireplace has glass doors, never operate this heater with glass doors closed. If you operate heater with doors closed, heat buildup inside fireplace will cause glass to burst. Make sure there are no obstructions across openings of fireplace.
- You must operate this heater with a fireplace screen in place.
 Make sure fireplace screen is closed before running heater.

WARNING: Damper handle will be hot if heater has been running.

- STOP! Read the safety information.
- 2. Make sure equipment shutoff valve is fully open.
- Press any button on the remote to power the remote on. If you see a Lock icon and the word Unlock in the lower left corner of the screen you will need to unlock the screen.
- 4. Press ON (Left button) and OK (middle button). It may take up to 4 seconds before the control unit processes the command. You will hear a beep from the control unit and the pilot will start to spark before lighting.

Note: You may be running this heater for the first time after hooking up to gas supply. If so, you may have to restart the unit several of times to allow the air to bleed from the system.

A CAUTION: Do not try to adjust heating levels by using the equipment shutoff valve.

Continued



TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE



- Press OFF (bottom button) on the remote control.
- 2. Close equipment shutoff valve.

PAIRING

Once all connections are done, supply (install batteries) the control unit. After a while the valve motor will start moving (if not wait one minute from the time of supplying the circuit). Unlock the remote control in case that is blocked. Once the valve has finished moving, press the OFF button ① on the remote control for 40 seconds. During this time the screen may go blank, it is normal. After 40 seconds, the configuration menu appears (see Figures 52 and 53).

- All the operation must be done on channel A (go to the last option in the set up menu by pressing \(\pi\) and select channel A). After that, go to pairing option again and press the select button (middle button) and when off is highlighted, press the change button (left button) off becomes on.
- Once the pairing is on, there are 20 seconds to push (press and release) the button S1 (yellow) in the control unit.
- The indication on the pairing will become off. The pairing is over.
- To return to the home screen press the back button until you get to main screen.

PS: If the pairing has been attempted previously and has not been achieved, do the following:

- Prepare the command by pressing the key OFF for 40 seconds.
- · Select ON in the pairing setting.
- Remove the batteries from the control unit (wait 10 seconds) and put the batteries back.
- Once the valve has finished moving, repeatedly push (press and release) the S1 button (yellow button in the control unit), until you hear the beep that confirms that learning has taken place (see Figure 53).

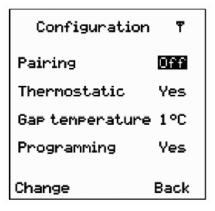


Figure 52 - Pairing Display

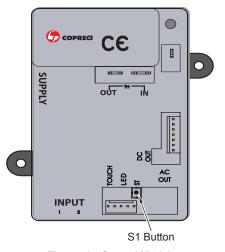


Figure 53 - Control Module

Continued

REMOTE CONTROL OPERATION

The remote control contains:

- 1. LCD display
- 2. Four buttons:

OFF button

Left button

Middle button

Right button

3. Battery Case (on the Back)

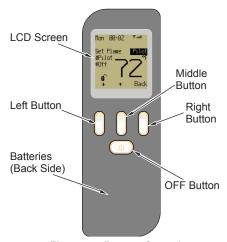


Figure 54 - Remote Control

LCD DISPLAY

The LCD screen shows information about the instructions given by the user (desired status) and the current situation of the device (actual status). It also helps us select our choices, see Figure 55.

- · A: Day of the week
- B: Time
- C: Signal Strength
- · D: Selected working mode
- E: Selected setting
- · F: Current Flame status
- G: Current fan status
- H: Current room temperature
- · I: Child lock status
- J: Button labels (explained below)

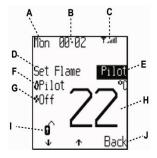


Figure 55 - LCD Display

The screen changes depending on the input from the buttons, but the bottom row always displays the button function labels (see Figure 56). The functions of each button depends on the options available on the current screen (except for the OFF button which has always the same function).

Note: The bottom row of the screen is indicating buttons functionality. In this case:

- A (\downarrow) button decreases the flame level
- B (↑) button increases the flame level
- C (Back) button goes back to the previous screen (see Figure 56).

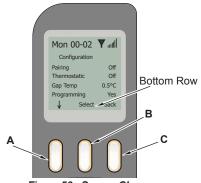


Figure 56 - Screen Changes

OFF BUTTON

This button switches off the appliance. If it is pressed for more than 40 seconds, the configuration menu is accessed.

LEFT. MIDDLE AND RIGHT BUTTON

These buttons change their function as shown by the on-screen labels. For some screens a button may have no function and is inactive. The active buttons for a particular screen are initially lit for 5 seconds to indicate that they are active.

Continued

MENU SYSTEM

The remote is organized by means of a menu system.

When first powered the remote starts at the OFF screen (it is possible that the remote is locked in the OFF screen: to unlock it just press the button below Unlock, and then OK). (See Figure 57).

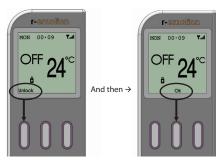


Figure 57 - Menu System

SWITCHING ON

Once the remote is unlocked, press ON (left button) and OK (middle button). A beep from the control unit will be heard, and the ignition process starts. Note that while in operation the RF signal strength indicator disappears. Wait until the current flame status displays pilot.

ADJUST MENU

Before using the remote, there are various settings which should be made, such as the date, the language, the autolock option and the comfort temperature.

For doing this, go to menu → Adjust menu. There the options shown in Figure 58, can be set. To change any of these settings just press Select and Change.

SETTING THE CONTROL MODE

There are three different modes for controlling the appliance:

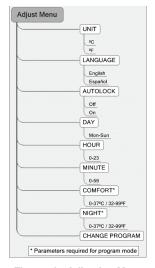


Figure 58 - Adjusting Menu

- → Manual
- -> Automatic
- -> Program

MANUAL MODE

If manual is pressed, pilot appears as the selected setting. In the bottom row, ↓ and ↑ appear, indicating that the flame level can by change by pressing the left or middle button. Pressing back (right button) returns to the initial screen (see Figure 56, page 28).

Note that a safety temperature can be previously set in the configuration menu. This specifies the maximum the maximum permitted room temperature. This temperature can never be set higher than 40°C (104°F).

AUTO MODE

If Auto is pressed in the initial screen, 25°C (77°F) appears as the desired temperature in the selected setting. In the bottom row, \downarrow and \uparrow appear, indicating that we can change the desired temperature value by just pressing the left or middle button. In auto mode the appliance heats until this temperature is reached. Limits are 0-37°C (32-99°F).

Pressing back (right button), returns to the initial screen.

Continued

The Auto mode feature is optional and can be enabled or disabled in the configuration menu. In this mode the main burner can be switched on an off

PROGRAM MODE

There are two types of program mode: a **daily mode** and a **weekly mode**. In the daily mode, every day uses the same program. In the weekly mode, every day has its own program, so it is possible have a different program for each day of the week (see Figure 59).

In this mode the main burner can be switched on and off

Automatic mode allows you to set a temperature, while in manual mode the flame level may be set to HIGH, MEDIUM, LOW and PILOT. Program mode offers automatic temperature control for specific times of the day. In the initial screen when the remote is

turned on, three options are available: AUTO, MANUAL and MENU.

Auto and Manual are two of the three different modes for controlling the appliance with the remote.

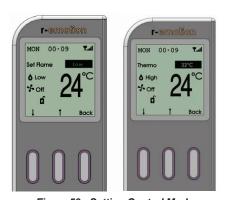


Figure 59 - Setting Control Mode

DAY PROGRAMMING MENU (Menu → Adjust Menu → Change Program):

There are 8 menus like this. One for daily, and the others for each day (Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, see Figure 60). This day programming screen consists of:

Title: Daily Program.

A: Selected (including "Daily"). The selected day can be changes by pressing change (middle button).

B: Day Schedule Graphic. This bar displays the program for the whole day by showing the temperature setting for each hour of the day. To access the day schedule graphic, press (↓) (left button). To change the desired temperature, go to the hour you want to change by pressing → (left button) and then press change (middle button). There are 3 temperature settings:

DFF: No temperature control (the appliance is in pilot mode).

NIGHT TEMP: The night temperature is set as desired temperature and the appliance will heat until this temperature is reached.

COMFORT TEMP: The comfort temperature is set as the desired temperature and the appliance will heat until this temperature is reached.

Finally, to launch the program mode, in the main menu, set Program to On, and select the desired Program Type (Daily or Weekly) as shown in Figure 60.

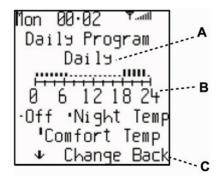


Figure 60 - Day Programming Menu

OTHER FEATURES

How to locking and unlock the remote (child lock)

To unlock the remote, press the unlock button and the OK.

To lock the remote, in the main screen press Menu go to the Lock option, press Select and the Change. The remote will immediately go into locked mode.

Continued

Automatic lock can be selected. This means that if no button is pressed for while, the remote automatically goes into locked mode. How to select the temperature unit (°C/°F) In the main screen, press **Menu** button, Select Adjust Menu and then select Unit. To change

the temperature unit press **Change** button.

TOUCH PAD OPERATION

This touch control has only 3 buttons for controlling manually the flame of the appliance (see Figure 61).

The touch pad has:

- 1. Led display
- 2. ON/OFF button
- 3. UP button
- 4 DOWN button

With this control it is possible to turn on the fire, turn off the fire and control the flame level.

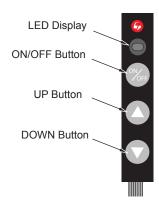


Figure 61 - Touch Pad Control

SWITCHING ON

To turn the system on just press the ON/OFF button. The system will emit a beep and begin the ignition process, which can take about 20 seconds. Once the start up process is complete, the pilot flame is lit.

REGULATING THE FLAME LEVEL.

1. To increase the flame level, press the up button (1). A beep and a flash of the LED indicate that the system has accepted the order, and the flame will increase instantly (see Figure 61).

2. To decrease the flame level, press the down button (▼). A beep and a flash of the LED indicate that the system has accepted the order, and the flame will decrease instantly (see Figure 61).

SWITCHING OFF

To switch off the fire, the ON/OFF button should be pressed. After the system has emitted a beep, the fire switches off.

WARNING: Do not convert heater to use different fuel type. Only use heater with fuel type specified.

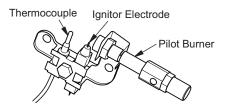


Figure 62 - Pilot (Natural)

INSPECTING BURNERS

Check pilot flame pattern and burner flame patterns often.

PILOT FLAME PATTERN

Figure 63 shows a correct pilot flame pattern. Figure 64 shows an incorrect pilot flame pattern. The incorrect pilot flame is not touching the thermocouple. This will cause the thermocouple to cool. When the thermocouple cools. the heater will shut down.

If pilot flame pattern is incorrect, as shown in Figure 64

- · turn heater off (see To Turn Off Gas to Appliance, page 27
- see *Troubleshooting*, page 35

Note: The pilot flame on natural gas units will have a slight curve, but flame should be blue and have no yellow or orange color.

INSPECTING BURNERS

Continued

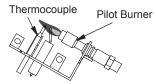


Figure 63 - Correct Pilot Flame Pattern (Your pilot may vary from pilots shown)

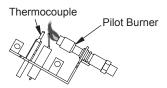


Figure 64 - Incorrect Pilot Flame Pattern (Your pilot may vary from pilots shown)

FRONT BURNER FLAME PATTERN

The front burner has a blue flame and should not have any yellow tipping at the top of the blue flame.

MIDDLE BURNER FLAME PATTERN

Figure 65, shows correct front burner flame pattern. Figure 66, shows incorrect front burner flame pattern. The incorrect burner flame pattern shows yellow tipping at top of blue flame.

WARNING: If yellow tipping occurs, your heater could produce increased levels of carbon monoxide. If middle burner flame pattern shows yellow tipping, follow instructions at bottom of this page. Yellow flame on rear burner is normal.

NOTICE: Do not mistake orange flames with yellow tipping. Dirt or other fine particles are burned by heater, causing brief patches of orange flame.

If front burner flame pattern is incorrect, as shown in Figure 66.

- turn heater off (<u>see To Turn Off Gas to Appliance</u>, page 27).
- · see Troubleshooting, page 35

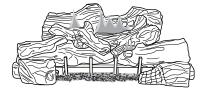


Figure 65 - Correct Middle Burner Flame Pattern

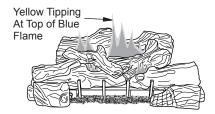


Figure 66 - Incorrect Middle Burner
Flame Pattern

CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

WARNING: Turn off heater and let cool before cleaning.

CAUTION: You must keep control areas, burners and circulating air passageways of heater clean. Inspect these areas of heater before each use. Have heater inspected yearly by a qualified service person. Heater may need more frequent cleaning due to excessive lint from carpeting, pet hair, bedding material, etc.

WARNING: Failure to keep the primary air opening(s) of the burner(s) clean may result in sooting and property damage.

CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

Continued

BURNER ORIFICE HOLDER AND PILOT AIR INLET HOLE

The primary air inlet holes allow the proper amount of air to mix with the gas. This provides a clean burning flame. Keep these holes clear of dust, dirt, lint and pet hair. Clean these air inlet holes prior to each heating season. Blocked air holes will create soot. We recommend that you clean the unit every three months during operation and have heater inspected yearly by a qualified service person.

We also recommend that you keep the burner tube and pilot assembly clean and free of dust and dirt. To clean these parts we recommend using compressed air no greater than 30 PSI. Your local computer store, hardware store or home center may carry compressed air in a can. If using compressed air in a can, please follow the directions on the can. If you don't follow directions on the can, you could damage the pilot assembly.

- 1. Shut off unit, including pilot. Allow unit to cool for at least thirty minutes.
- Inspect burner, pilot and primary air inlet holes on orifice holder for dust and dirt (see Figure 67).
- Blow air through the ports/slots and holes in the burner.

- Check orifice holder located at the end of the burner tube again. Remove any large particles of dust, dirt, lint or pet hair with a soft cloth or vacuum cleaner nozzle.
- Blow air into the primary air holes on the orifice holder.
- In case any large clumps of dust have now been pushed into the burner repeat steps 3 and 4.

Clean pilot assembly also. A yellow tip on the pilot flame indicates dust and dirt in the pilot assembly. There is a small pilot air inlet hole about 2" from where the pilot flame comes out of the pilot assembly (see Figure 68). With the unit off, lightly blow air through the air inlet hole. You may blow through a drinking straw if compressed air is not available.

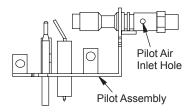


Figure 68 - Pilot Inlet Air Hole (Your pilot may vary from pilot shown)

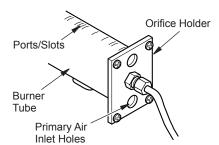


Figure 67 - Orifice Holder On Outlet Burner Tube

LOGS

- If you remove logs for cleaning, refer to <u>Installing Logs</u>, page 16, to properly replace logs.
- Replace log(s) if broken or chipped (dimesized or larger).

MAIN BURNER

Periodically inspect all burner flame holes with the heater running. All slotted burner flame holes should be open with yellow flame present. All round burner flame holes should be open with a small blue flame present. Some burner flame holes may become blocked by debris or rust, with no flame present. If so, turn off heater and let cool. Remove blockage, blocked burner flame holes will create soot

WIRING DIAGRAM/TOUCH CONTROL CABLE

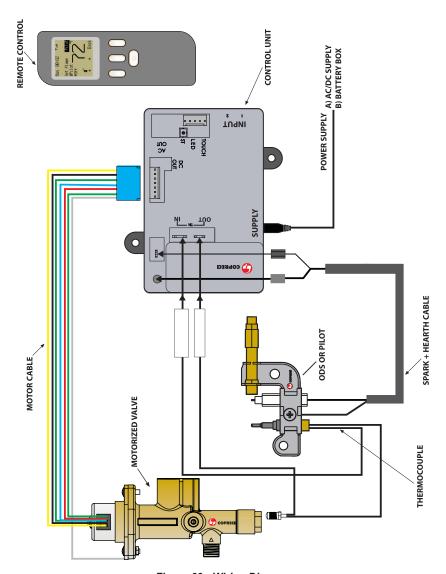


Figure 69 - Wiring Diagram

TOUCH CONTROL CABLE

Connect the touch control to the touch cable. Ensure that the triangles on each connector are lined up and facing each other, as shown in Figure 70.

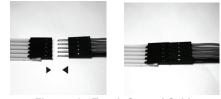


Figure 70 - Touch Control Cable

WIRING DIAGRAM/TOUCH CONTROL CABLE

Continued

Connect the other end of the touch cable to the control unit, in the socket marked as TOUCH LED (see Figure 71).



Figure 71 - Connecting end of Touch Cable

TROUBLESHOOTING

WARNING: Turn off heater and let cool before servicing. Only a qualified service person should service and repair heater.

A CAUTION: Never use a wire, needle or similar object to clean ODS/pilot. This can damage ODS/pilot unit.

Note: All troubleshooting items are listed in order of operation.

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
When the button is pressed on the remote, there is no	Ignitor electrode not con- nected to ignitor cable	1. Reconnect ignitor cable
spark at ODS/pilot	Ignitor cable pinched or wet	Free ignitor cable if pinched by any metal or tubing. Keep ignitor cable dry
	3. Broken ignitor cable4. Ignitor electrode positioned	Replace wire harness Replace pilot assembly
	wrong 5. Ignitor electrode broken 6. Battery not installed, battery power low or battery not installed correctly (electronic ignition models only)	Replace pilot assembly Install new alkaline battery in electronic ignitor. Verify battery is installed correctly
When ignitor button is pressed on the remote, there is spark at ODS/pilot	Gas supply turned off or equipment shutoff valve closed	Turn on gas supply or open equipment shutoff valve
but no ignition	Air in gas lines when installed	Continue turning the unit ON and OFF. Repeat ignit- ing operation until air is removed
	Depleted gas supply (propane/LP only) ODS/pilot is clogged	Contact local propane/LP gas company Clean ODS/pilot (see Cleaning and Maintenance, page 32) or replace ODS/pilot assembly
	5. Gas regulator setting is not correct	5. Replace gas regulator

TROUBLESHOOTING

Continued

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
ODS/pilot lights but flame goes out	Equipment shutoff valve not fully open Pilot flame not touching thermocouple, which allows thermocouple to cool, causing pilot flame to go out. This problem could be caused by one or both of the following: A) Low gas pressure B) Dirty or partially clogged	Fully open equipment shut-off valve A) Contact local natural or propane/LP gas company B) Clean ODS/pilot (see Cleaning and Maintenance, page 32) or replace ODS/pilot assembly
	ODS/pilot 3. Thermocouple connection loose at control valve 4. Thermocouple damaged 5. Control valve damaged	3. Hand tighten until snug, then tighten 1/4 turn more4. Replace pilot assembly5. Replace control valve
Burners do not light after ODS/pilot is lit	Inlet gas pressure is too low Burner orifice(s) clogged	1. Contact local natural or propane/LP gas company 2. Clean burner(s) (see Cleaning and Maintenance page 32) or replace burner orifice(s)
	3. Mislocated crossover tube	Contact qualified service person
Delayed ignition of one or both burners	Manifold pressure is too low Burner orifice(s) clogged	Contact local natural or propane/LP gas company Clean burner(s) (see Cleaning and Maintenance, page 32) or replace burner orifice(s)
	3. Mislocated crossover tube	Contact qualified service person
Burner backfiring during combustion	Burner orifice is clogged or damaged Damaged burner Gas regulator defective	Clean burner (see <u>Cleaning</u> <u>and Maintenance</u> , page 32 or replace burner orifice Replace damaged burner Replace gas regulator

TROUBLESHOOTING

Continued

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Yellow flame in middle burner during burner combustion	1. Not enough air	Check burner(s) for dirt and debris. If found, clean burner(s) (see <u>Cleaning and</u> <u>Maintenance</u> , page 32)
	2. Gas regulator defective	Replace gas regulator
Slight smoke or odor during initial operation	Residues from manufac- turing processes and logs curing	Problem will stop after a few hours of operation
Heater produces a whistling noise when burners are lit	Set the unit to HI by using the remote when burners are cold Air in gas line	Set the unit to LO by using the remote and let warm up for a minute Operate burners until air is removed from line. Have gas line checked by local natural or propane/LP gas company
	3. Air passageways on heater blocked4. Dirty or partially clogged burner orifice(s)	3. Observe minimum installation clearances (see pages 9 through 11) 4. Clean burners (see <u>Cleaning and Maintenance</u> ,
		page 32) or replace burner orifice(s)
White powder residue forming within burner box or on adjacent walls or furniture	When heated, vapors from furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaners, etc. may turn into white powder residue	Turn heater off when us- ing furniture polish, wax, carpet cleaners or similar products
Moisture/condensation noticed on windows	Not enough combustion/ ventilation air	Refer to <u>Airfor Combustion</u> <u>and Ventilation</u> requirements (page 6)
Heater produces a clicking/ ticking noise just after burners are lit or shut off	Metal expanding while heating or contracting while cooling	This is normal with most heaters. If noise is exces- sive, contact qualified ser- vice person

TROUBLESHOOTING

Continued

WARNING: If you smell gas

- Shut off gas supply.
- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- · Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

IMPORTANT: Operating heater where impurities in air exist may create odors. Cleaning supplies, paint, paint remover, cigarette smoke, cements and glues, new carpet or textiles, etc., create fumes. These fumes may mix with combustion air and create odors. These odors will

OBSERVED PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Heater produces unwanted odors	Heater burning vapors from paint, hair spray, glues, cleaners, chemicals, new carpet, etc. (See <i>IMPOR-TANT</i> statement above)	Open window to ventilate room. Stop using odor causing products while heater is running
	2. Low fuel supply (propane/ LP only)	Refill supply tank (propane/ LP only)
	Gas leak. See Warning statement at top of page	Locate and correct all leaks (see <u>Checking Gas Con-nections</u> , page 15)
Heater shuts off in use (ODS operates)	Not enough fresh air is available Low line pressure	Open window and/or door for ventilation Contact local natural or
	3. ODS/pilot is partially clogged	propane/LP gas company 3. Clean ODS/pilot (see <u>Cleaning and Maintenance</u> , page 31)
Gas odor even when control knob is in OFF position	1. Gas leak. See Warning statement at top of page	Locate and correct all leaks (see <u>Checking Gas Con-</u> <u>nections</u> , page 15)
	Control valve or gas control defective	Replace control valve or gas control
Gas odor during combustion	Foreign matter between control valve and burner Gas leak. See Warning statement at top of page	Take apart gas tubing and remove foreign matter Locate and correct all leaks (see <u>Checking Gas Connections</u> , page 15)
Log set cycles to pilot, but room temperature drops to a lower than ideal level before log set comes back on	Optional Hand-held remote control is too close to heater	Move hand-held remote control unit farther away from the heater

REMOTE CONTROL-TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM	CAUSE	ERROR MESSAGE	LCD DISPLAY	SOLUTION
	No batteries or flat batteries in	10 beeps	BATTERY	Place new batteries in control unit
	control unit		ERROR	
	ROM Error	2 cycles of 3 beeps	ROM ERROR	Change control unit
	Support test error	2 cycles of 5 beeps	SUPPORT ERROR	Connect earth cable from battery box to valve
Unit does not ignite	Bad reception of remote handset signal			Change batteries in remote handset Check reception of signal from a shorter distance Try making the pairing again Try changing the channel in the configuration menu
	No response to touch control	If LED is con-		Ensure the touch control cable is
	buttons Cable loose or broken or connected the wrong way round	tinuously on, the cable is connected the wrong way		correctly connected (see instal- lation manual). Change touch control.
		round		
	Supply cable to valve disconnected or broken	2 cycles of 5 beeps	SUPPORT ERROR	Connect supply cable to valve.
	Spark cable disconnected or broken			Connect spark cable.
Unit does not ignite in program mode	Program mode does not work if soft start is deactivated			Active soft start
	-Gas supply off or no gas.			- Check gas installation open gas
Sparks but no pilot ignition	-Valve cable disconnected or broken.			valve Connect valve cable correctly.
	-ODS cable disconnected or broken.			- Connect correctly or replace ODS cable.
Pilot ignites but	ODS is not warmed up			- Check pilot flame and verify that it heats the ODS
	ODS cable badly connected			- Change polarity of ODS cable
,	ODS cable disconnected or broken			- Connect ODS cable
Ignites com- manding from remote handset				Connect or replace touch control cable.
but not from keyboard	Defective touch control buttons			- Change touch control
Ignites com- manding from keyboard but not from remote handset	Bad communication with handset			Change batteries in handset Check reception of signal from a shorter distance Try making the pairing again Try changing the channel in the configuration menu
Unit switches off after 6 seconds	Shortcut in touch control	5 beeps	BUTTON ERROR	Change touch control wiring
Low batteries in the remote			Low battery	Change batteries in the remote
		2 cycles of 3 beeps	CONFIG. ERROR	Change control unit
		2 cycles of 3 beeps	EEPRON ERROR	- Try making the pairing again - Change control unit
Unit switches off	Loss of communication between appliance and remote for 18 min.	·		The remote is too far from the appliance The remote has no batteries
	High temperature on the control unit	1 long beep	TEMP ERROR	If this occurs more than once call the technical service
	Ambient temperature higher than configured			Check correct configuration of safety temperature

SPECIFICATIONS

BGE18PE

Rating (Variable): 24,000/30,000 Btu/Hr

Type Gas: Propane/LPIgnition: Electronic

Manifold Pressure: 8" W.C.

Inlet Gas Pressure (in. of water):
 Max - 14" W.C., Min* - 11" W.C.

BGE18NE

Rating (Variable): 21,000/30,000 Btu/Hr

Type Gas: NaturalIgnition: Electronic

Manifold Pressure: 4.5" W.C.

Inlet Gas Pressure (in. of water):
 Max - 10.5" W.C., Min* - 5" W.C.

BGE2436PE

- Rating (Variable): 30,000/39,000 Btu/Hr
- Type Gas: Propane/LP
- · Ignition: Electronic
- · Manifold Pressure: 8" W.C.
- Inlet Gas Pressure (in. of water): Max - 14" W.C., Min* - 11" W.C.

BGE2436NE

- Rating (Variable): 26,000/39,000 Btu/Hr
- Type Gas: Natural
- · Ignition: Electronic
- · Manifold Pressure: 4.5" W.C.
- Inlet Gas Pressure (in. of water):
 Max 10.5" W.C., Min* 5" W.C.

40

^{*}For purpose of input adjustment

SERVICE HINTS

When Gas Pressure Is Too Low

- · pilot will not stay lit
- · burners will have delayed ignition
- · heater will not produce specified heat
- · propane/LP gas supply may be low

You may feel your gas pressure is too low. If so, contact your local propane/LP or natural gas supplier.

TECHNICAL SERVICE

You may have further questions about installation, operation or troubleshooting. If so, contact FMI PRODUCTS, LLC's Technical Service Department at 1-866-328-4537. When calling please have your model and serial numbers of your heater ready.

You can also visit FMI PRODUCTS, LLC's technical services web site at www.fmiproducts.com.

REPLACEMENT PARTS

Note: Use only original replacement parts. This will protect your warranty coverage for parts replaced under warranty.

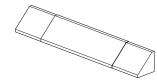
Contact authorized dealers of this product. If they can't supply original replacement part(s), call FMI PRODUCTS, LLC's Technical Service Department at 1-866-328-4537. When calling, have ready

- · your name
- your address
- · model and serial numbers of your heater
- · how heater was malfunctioning
- type of gas used (propane/LP or natural gas)
- · purchase date

Usually, we will ask you to return the part to the factory.

ACCESSORIES

Purchase these heater accessories from your local dealer. If they can not supply these accessories, call FMI PRODUCTS, LLC at 1-866-328-4537 for referral information. You can also write to the address listed on the back page of this manual.



FIREPLACE HOOD Black - GA6050

Brushed Brass - GA6053

For all models. Helps deflect heat away from mantel or wall above fireplace. Fits openings 28" to 48" wide.

LAVA ROCK - GA6060

For all models. Order when additional rock is desired.

VENT-FREE LOGMATE® FIREBOXES

Available in 32", 36" and 42" models. Circulating fireboxes feature louvers and an optional blower. Non-circulating, smooth face models are ideal for custom trim applications such as stone or marble.

VFB32C (CIRCULATING), VFB32NC (NON-CIRCULATING) SERIES FIREBOXES

For 18" and 24" log models.

VFB36C1, VFB42C1 SERIES (CIRCULATING) VFB36NC1, VFB42NC1 SERIES FIREBOXES (NON-CIRCULATING) For all log models.

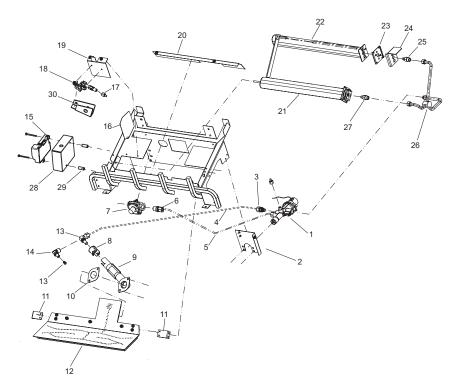
FLOOR MEDIA KIT - FM100

For all models. Includes lava rock, burner embers, and burner cinders

CONTROL COVER KIT - CC100

For all models. Includes control cover log and 6 unique fall-away logs.

REMOTE-READY CONTROL MODELS BGE18NE, BGE18PE, BGE2436NE, BGE2436PE

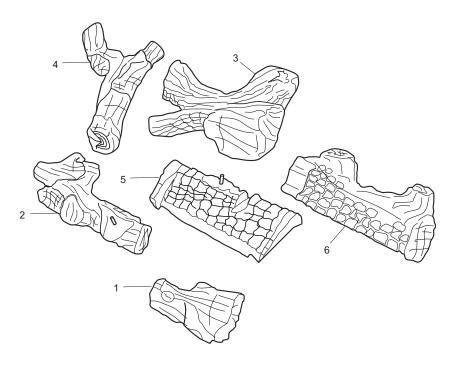


		PARTS AV	AILABLE NOT	SHOWN =	r	,	,	
KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	BGE18NR	BGE18PR	BGE2436NR	BGE2436PR	QTY.	
	120466-01	Flex Tube	•	•	•	•	1	
	100563-01	Warning Plate	•	•	•	•	1	
	125782-01	Lighting Instruction Plate	•	٠	•	•	1	
	100639-12	Caution Decal	•	•	•	•	1	
	101137-02	Hardware Kit	•	•	•		1	
	GA6060	Lava Rock	•	•	•	•	1	
	125557-01	Left Ember Chunk #1			•	•	1	
	125557-02	Middle Ember Chunk #2	İ		•	•	1	
	125557-03	Right Ember Chunk #3			•	•	1	
	125070-01	Platinum Embers	•	•	•	•	1	
	125071-01	Rockwool Embers	•	•	•	•	1	
	125775-01	Control, T-STAT Remote	•	•	•	•	1	
	120761-01RVCK	Bracket, Left Log Support			•	•	1	
	125499-01	Bracket, Right Log Support			•	•	1	
	125781-01	Harness, Pilot Ignitor	•	•	•	•	1	
	125783-01	Screw, Min. Rate	•				1	
	125783-02	Screw, Min. Rate		•			1	
	125783-03	Screw, Min. Rate	[•		1	
	125783-04	Screw, Min. Rate				•	1	
	125776-01	Supply, Battery Power	•	•	•	•	1	
	125882-01	Touch Pad Manual Control	•	•	•	•	1	
	125882-02	Touch Pad Wire Harness	•	•	•	•	1	
	Note field replaceble part							

^{**} Not a field replaceable part.

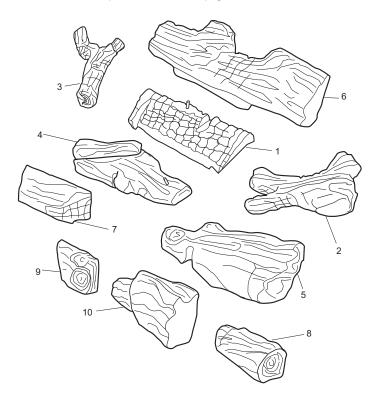
KEY							
NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	BGE18NE	BGE18PE	BGE2436NE	BGE2436PE	QTY.
1	125919-01	Electronic Valve Kit	•		•		1
	125919-04	Electronic Valve Kit		•		•	1
2	125800-01	Bracket, Valve		•	•	•	1
3	125816-01	Fitting, Tube .375125 NPTF	•	•	•	•	1
4	125817-02	Tube, Orifice to Valve			•	•	2
5	125817-01	Tube, Regulator to Valve	•	•	•	•	1
6	098264-02	Connector, Male 3/8 NPTF	•	•	•	•	1
7	099415-24	Regulator, Gas LP.		•		•	1
	099415-28	Regulator, Gas NG.	٠		•	•	1
8	112829-02	Shutter, Air	•	•	•	•	1
9	119321-01	Tube, Venturi	•	•	٠	•	1
10	119795-01	Gasket, Burner	•	•	•	•	1
11	125301-01	Bracket, Pan Burner Support	•	•	•	•	2
12	125306-01	Assy, Pan Burner BGE2436			•	•	1
10	125306-02	Assy, Pan Burner BGE18	•	•			1
13	111819-10	Orifice, Elbow P53 95 110	•			•	1
	111819-06	Orifice, Elbow P53 95 220			•		1 1
14	099056-45 124933-01	Orifice, 0.028 (PAN)		•			1
15	124933-01	Orifice, Holder 90° Elbow Module, Control Board			•	•	1
16	125777-01	Shield, Air	•	•	•	·	1
17		Tube, Pilot				·	1
18	099387-08	1	•	·	·	·	1
18	125780-01	Pilot, Electric (NG)			•		1
19	125780-02 112713-01SA	Pilot, Electric (LP) Bracket, Pilot	_	•		•	1
19	112713-015A 112713-02RV		•				1
		Bracket, Pilot		•	·		1
	112713-04	Bracket, Pilot				•	1
20	125489-01	Shield, Air 18" BGE	•	•			1
0.4	125489-02	Shield, Air 24/30/36" BGE			•	•	1
21	112465-01	Burner 18" Ramp Front	•	•			1
00	112465-02	Burner 24/30" Ramp Front Burner 18" Ramp Rear			•	•	1
22	112466-01	Burner 18" Ramp Rear		•			1
23	112466-02 107634-01	Plate, Gas (NG only)			•	•	1
24	121005-01RV	Bracket, Air Shield	•		·		1
24 25	121005-01RV 101004-10	Injector (.0453) Rear Burner					1
23	101004-10	Injector (.0433) Rear Burner				•	1
	101004-11	Injector (.0595)) Rear Burner			-		1
	101004-12	Injector (.042) Rear Burner					1
26	125801-01	Tube, Inlet					1
27	101004-04	Injector (.0750) Middle Burner					1
	101004-06	Injector (.053) Middle Burner				•	1
	101004-00	Injector (.047) Middle Burner		•			1
	101004-25	Injector (.085) Middle Burner			•		1
28	125844-01	Control Module Heat Shield	•	•	•	•	1
29	122569-01	Aluminum Spacers			•	•	2
30	125561-01	Pilot Shield	•		•		1

LOG MODELS LBG18-SM, LBG24-SM, LBG30-SM



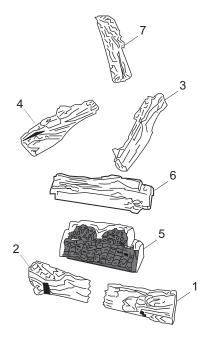
KEY	M	ODEL NUMBI	ER		
NO.	LBG18-SM	LBG24-SM	LBG30-SM	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	121699-05	121699-11	121699-17	Front Right Log	1
2	121699-04	121699-10	121699-16	Front Left Log	1
3	121699-02	125683-01	125683-01	Middle Right Log	1
4	121699-03	121699-09	121699-15	Middle Left Log	1
5	121699-01	121699-13	121699-13	Bottom Log (Remote)	1
6	121699-06	121699-12	121699-18	Rear Log	1

LOG MODELS LBG36-SM



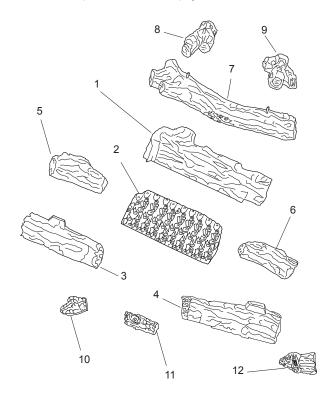
KEY	MODEL NUMBER		
NO.	LBG36-SM	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	121699-13	Bottom Log	1
2	125683-01	Middle Right Log	1
3	121699-15	Middle Left Log	1
4	121699-20	Front Left Log	1
5	121699-21	Front Right Log	1
6	121699-22	Back Log	1
7	121699-23	Left Small Front Log	1
8	121699-24	Right Small Front Log	1
9	121699-25	Left Control Cover Log	1
10	121699-26	Right Control Cover Log	1

LOG MODELS LBG18-RM, LBG24-RM, LBG30-RM



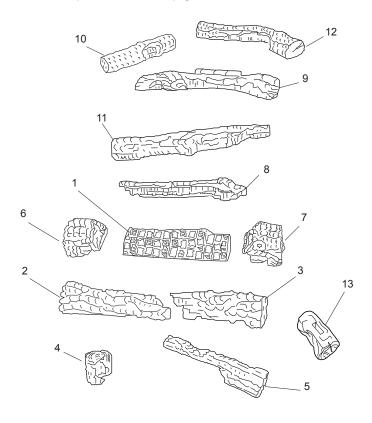
KEY	P	ART NUMBE	R		
NO.	LBG18-RM	LBG24-RM	LBG30-RM	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	125055-13	125055-02	125055-08	Front Right Log	1
2	125055-12	125055-01	125055-07	Front Left Log	1
3	125055-15	125055-04	125055-10	Middle Right Log	1
4	125055-16	125055-05	125055-11	Middle Left Log	1
5	125056-01	125056-02	125056-02	Ramp Log	1
6	125055-14	125055-03	125055-09	Rear Log	1
7	125055-06	125055-06	125055-06	Top Log	1

LOG MODELS LBG18-CM, LBG24-CM, LBG30-CM



KEY	P	ART NUMBE	R		
NO.	LBG18-CM	LBG24-CM	LBG30-CM	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	125827-01	125828-01	125828-01	Log, Rear	1
2	125827-02	125828-02	125828-02	Log, Ramp	1
3	125827-03	125828-03	125829-01	Log, Left Front	1
4	125827-04	125828-04	125829-02	Log, Right Front	1
5	125827-05	125828-05	125829-03	Log, Rear Left Top	1
6	125827-06	125828-06	125829-04	Log, Rear Right Top	1
7	125827-07	125828-07	125828-07	Log, Middle	1
8	125827-08	125828-08	125828-08	Log, Top Left	1
9	125827-09	125828-09	125828-09	Log, Top Right	1
10	125827-10	125827-10	125827-10	Log, Left Ember	1
11	125827-11	125827-11	125827-11	Log, Right Ember	1
12	125830-01	125830-01	125830-01	Log, Switch	1

LOG MODELS LBG18-BM, LBG24-BM, LBG30-BM



KEY	P	ART NUMBE	R		
NO.	LBG18-BM	LBG24-BM	LBG30-BM	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	125851-01	125852-01	125852-01	Log, Ramp	1
2	125851-02	125852-02	125853-01	Log, Left Front	1
3	125851-03	125852-03	125853-02	Log, Right Front	1
4	125851-04	125852-04	125852-04	Log, Left Front Ember Bed	1
5	125851-05	125852-05	125852-05	Log, Right Front Ember Bed	1
6	125851-06	125852-06	125852-06	Log, Left Middle	1
7	125851-07	125852-07	125852-07	Log, Right Middle	1
8	125851-08	125852-08	125852-08	Log, Rear Middle	1
9	125851-09				1
10	125851-10	125851-10	125851-10	Log, Left Top	1
11	125851-11	125852-11	125852-11	Log, Middle Crossover	1
12	125851-12	125852-12	125852-12	Log, Top Rear	1
13	125851-13	125851-13	125851-13	Log, Switch	1

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WARRANTY

KEEP THIS WARRANTY

Model (located on product or identification tag)	
Serial No. (located on product or identification tag)	
Date Purchased	

Keep receipt for warranty verification.

FMI PRODUCTS, LLC LIMITED WARRANTIES

New Products

Standard Warranty: FMI PRODUCTS, LLC warrants this new product and any parts thereof to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of four (4) years from the date of first purchase from an authorized dealer provided the product has been installed, maintained and operated in accordance with FMI PRODUCTS, LLC's warnings and instructions.

For products purchased for commercial, industrial or rental usage, this warranty is limited to 90 days from the date of first purchase.

Factory Reconditioned Products

Limited Warranty: FMI PRODUCTS, LLC warrants factory reconditioned products and any parts thereof to be free from defects in material and workmanship for 30 days from the date of first purchase from an authorized dealer provided the product has been installed, maintained and operated in accordance with FMI PRODUCTS, LLC's warnings and instructions.

Terms Common to All Warranties

The following terms apply to all of the above warranties:

Always specify model number and serial number when contacting the manufacturer. To make a claim under this warranty the bill of sale or other proof of purchase must be presented.

This warranty is extended only to the original retail purchaser when purchased from an authorized dealer, and only when installed by a qualified installer in accordance with all local codes and instructions furnished with this product.

This warranty covers the cost of part(s) required to restore this product to proper operating condition and an allowance for labor when provided by a FMI PRODUCTS, LLC Authorized Service Center or a provider approved by FMI PRODUCTS, LLC. Warranty parts must be obtained through authorized dealers of this product and/or FMI PRODUCTS, LLC who will provide original factory replacement parts. Failure to use original factory replacement parts voids this warranty.

Travel, handling, transportation, diagnostic, material, labor and incidental costs associated with warranty repairs, unless expressly covered by this warranty, are not reimbursable under this warranty and are the responsibility of the owner.

Excluded from this warranty are products or parts that fail or become damaged due to misuse, accidents, improper installation, lack of proper maintenance, tampering, or alteration(s).

This is FMI PRODUCTS, LLC's exclusive warranty, and to the full extent allowed by law; this express warranty excludes any and all other warranties, express or implied, written or verbal and limits the duration of any and all implied warranties, including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose to four (4) years on new products and 30 days on factory reconditioned products from the date of first purchase. FMI PRODUCTS, LLC makes no other warranties regarding this product.

FMI PRODUCTS, LLC's liability is limited to the purchase price of the product, and FMI PRODUCTS, LLC shall not be liable for any other damages whatsoever under any circumstances including indirect, incidental, or consequential damages.

Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts or the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

 $This \ warranty \ gives \ you \ specific \ legal \ rights, \ and \ you \ may \ also \ have \ other \ rights \ which \ vary \ from \ state \ to \ state.$

For information about this warranty contact:

FMI PRODUCTS, LLC 2701 S. Harbor Blvd. Santa Ana, CA 92704 www.fmiproducts.com

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